POVERVATIC®

Operating Instructions and Parts Manual Dual Drum Sander

Models DDS-225 and DDS-237



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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	
Features	
Specifications	
Shipping Contents	
Assembly	
Handwheel Assembly	
Dust Ports	8
Dust Collection	
Drum Height	
Pressure Rollers	
Table Height	
Table Parallelism	
Lead Screw Thread Clearance	
Conveyor Belt	
Drive Belts	
Pulley Alignment	
Changing Belts	
Maintenance	
Operations	
Basic Operation	
Stock Feeding Angle	15
Multiple-Piece Sanding Runs	
Edge Sanding	16
Sanding Imperfect Stock	
Face Frames & Raised Panel Doors	
Reversing Conveyor Direction	
Switch Lock	
Functions of digital scale	
Calibration and operation	
Maintenance Checklist	
Troubleshooting	
Performance Problems	
Mechanical & Electrical Problems	
Parts – DDS-225 Sander	
Drum Assembly – DDS-225	
Conveyor Assembly – DDS-225	
Motor & Cabinet Assembly – DDS-225	26
Gearbox Assembly – DDS-225	
DDS-225 DRO Assembly	
Parts – DDS-237 Sander	
Drum Assembly – DDS-237	
Conveyor Assembly – DDS-237	
Motor and Cabinet Assembly – DDS-237	
Gearbox Assembly – DDS-237	
DDS-237 DRO Assembly	41



- 1. Read and understand the entire owner's manual before attempting assembly or operation.
- 2. Read and understand the warnings posted on the machine and in this manual. Failure to comply with all of these warnings may cause serious injury.
- 3. Replace the warning labels if they become obscured or removed.
- 4. This drum sander is designed and intended for use by properly trained and experienced personnel only. If you are not familiar with the proper and safe operation of a drum sander, do not use until proper training and knowledge have been obtained.
- 5. As with all machines, there is a certain amount of hazard involved with the use of this drum sander. Use the machine with the respect and caution demanded where safety precautions are concerned. When normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored, personal injury to the operator can result.
- 6. Do not use this drum sander for other than its intended use. If used for other purposes, Powermatic disclaims any real or implied warranty and holds itself harmless from any injury that may result from that use.
- 7. ALWAYS WEAR APPROVED SAFETY GLASSES/face shields while using this drum sander. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses; they are not safety glasses.
- 8. WEAR PROPER APPAREL. Before operating this drum sander, remove tie, rings, watches and other jewelry, and roll sleeves up past the elbows. Remove all loose clothing and confine long hair. Non-slip footwear or anti-skid floor strips are recommended. Do **not** wear gloves.
- 9. Wear ear protectors (plugs or muffs) during extended periods of operation.
- 10. Do not operate this machine while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or any medication.
- 11. Make certain the machine is properly grounded.
- 12. Except for the feed rate control, make all machine adjustments or maintenance with the machine unplugged from the power source. A machine under repair should be RED TAGGED to show it must not be used until maintenance is complete.
- 13. Before turning on machine, REMOVE ALL EXTRA EQUIPMENT SUCH AS KEYS, WRENCHES, scrap, and cleaning rags away from the machine.
- 14. KEEP SAFETY GUARDS IN PLACE at all times when the machine is in use. If removed for maintenance purposes, use extreme caution and replace the guards immediately.
- 15. CHECK DAMAGED PARTS. Before further use of the machine, a guard or other part that is damaged should be carefully checked to determine that it will operate properly and perform its intended function. Check for alignment of moving parts, binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting and any other conditions that may affect its operation. A guard or other part that is damaged should be properly repaired or replaced.
- 16. Provide for adequate space surrounding work area and non-glare, overhead lighting.
- 17. KEEP THE FLOOR AROUND THE MACHINE CLEAN and free of scrap material, saw dust, oil and other liquids to minimize the danger of tripping or slipping. Be sure the conveyor table is free of all scrap, foreign material and tools before starting sanding operations.
- 18. Keep visitors a safe distance from the work area. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY.
- 19. MAKE YOUR WORKSHIP CHILD PROOF with padlocks, master switches or by removing safety keys.
- 20. Give your work undivided attention. Looking around, carrying on a conversation and "horse-play" are careless acts that can result in serious injury.
- 21. Maintain a balanced stance at all times so that you do not fall or lean against the blade or other moving parts. DO NOT OVERREACH or use excessive force to perform any machine operation.

- 22. USE THE RIGHT TOOL at the correct speed and feed rate. DO NOT FORCE A TOOL or attachment to do a job for which it was not designed. The right tool will do the job better and safer.
- 23. USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES; improper accessories may be hazardous.
- 24. MAINTAIN TOOLS IN TOP CONDITION. Keep tools sharp and clean for safe and best performance. Dull tools increase noise levels and can cause kickbacks and glazed surfaces. Check the condition and adjustment of the tools before making any cuts.
- 25. Keep hands outside the machine. NEVER reach under the guards to try to clear stock that stops feeding. Do not clear chips and sawdust with hands; use a brush. Do not have any part of the hands under that part of the board that is over the table when starting a cut; the pressure roller will engage the board and force it down against the table causing a pinching action.
- 26. Do not attempt to sand boards with loose knots or with nails or other foreign material, on its surface. Do not attempt to sand twisted, warped, bowed or "in wind" stock unless one edge has been jointed for guiding purposes prior to sanding.
- 27. Do not attempt to sand long or wide boards unsupported where spring or weight could cause the board to shift position.
- 28. If the operator leaves the machine area for any reason, the sander should be turned "off" and come to a complete stop before his departure. In addition, if the operation is complete, he should clean the sander and the work area. NEVER clean the machine with power "on" and never use the hands to clear sawdust and debris; use a brush.
- 29. TURN OFF THE MACHINE BEFORE CLEANING. Use a brush or compressed air to remove chips or debris do not use your hands.
- 30. DO NOT STAND ON THE MACHINE. Serious injury could occur if the machine tips over.
- 31. NEVER LEAVE THE MACHINE RUNNING UNATTENDED. Turn the power off and do not leave the machine until it comes to a complete stop.
- 32. Remove loose items and unnecessary work pieces from the area before starting the machine.
- 33. DON'T USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT. Don't use power tools in damp or wet locations, or expose them to rain. Keep work area well lighted.
- 34. DIRECTION OF FEED. Feed work into the drum against the direction of rotation of the drum only.

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including lead which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to http://www.p65warnings.ca.gov.

▲ WARNING: Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products generates wood dust and other substances known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling dust generated from wood products or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection.

Wood products emit chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to http://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/wood.

Familiarize yourself with the following safety notices used in this manual:

This means that if precautions are not heeded, it may result in minor injury and/or possible machine damage.

AWARNING This means that if precautions are not heeded, it may result in serious injury or possibly even death.

Features

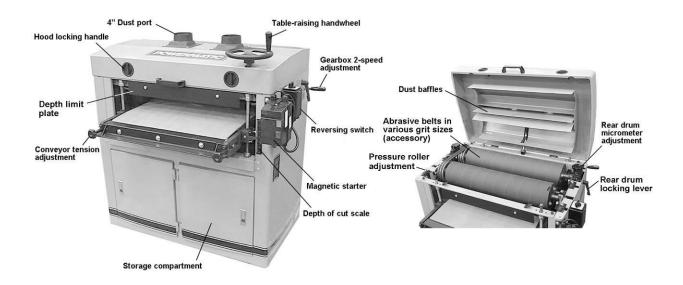


Figure 1

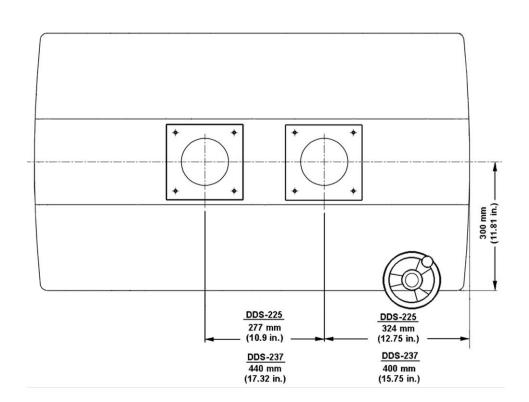


Figure 2 – Dust Port Locations

Specifications

Model Number	DDS-225.	
Stock Number	. 1791290-RU.	1791321-RU
		see below
		see below
		see below
Conveyor Speed (m/min)	2 and 3.	2 and 3
Sanding Drum Diameter (mm)	150 .	150
Drum Length (mm)	635 .	940
		940
Maximum Board Thickness (mm)	133 .	133
Minimum Board Length (mm)	230 .	230
Minimum Board Thickness (mm)	0.8 .	
Dust Port Diameter	two @ 100.	two @ 100
Shipping Weight (kgs)	383 .	490
Net Weight (kgs)	325 .	411
Overall Dimensions (L x W x H, mm) 1093	x 1178 x 1093.	1524 x 1143 x 1143
Main Motor:		
S/N 1791290		(TEFC) 3.7kW (5HP), 3Ph, 400V, 50Hz
S/N 1791321		(TEFC) 7.5Kw (10HP), 3Ph, 400V, 50Hz
Conveyor Motor:		
		(TEFC) 0.18Kw (1/4HP), 3Ph, 400V, 50Hz
S/N 1791321		(TEFC) 0.18Kw (1/4HP), 3Ph, 400V, 50Hz
Electrical Controls (all models)		400V magnetic w/ reversing switch

The specifications in this manual are given as general information and are not binding. Powermatic reserves the right to effect, at any time and without prior notice, changes or alterations to parts, fittings, and accessory equipment deemed necessary for any reason whatsoever.

Unpacking

Open the shipping crate and check for shipping damage. Report any damage immediately. Read the owner's manual thoroughly for assembly, maintenance and safety instructions.

Shipping Contents

Note 1: Some parts are inside a box in the cabinet.

Note 2: Models DDS-225 and DDS-237 Drum Sanders come from the factory with the first set of abrasive strips installed with 80 grit sandpaper on the front drum and 100 grit on the rear drum.

- 1 dual drum sander
- 1 handwheel
- 1 handle assembly
- 1 handwheel post
- 2 dust ports
- 2 open end wrenches (12-14mm and 17-19mm)
- 4 hex wrenches (2, 3, 4, and 5mm)
- 1 manual
- 1 warranty card

Installation and Assembly

Tools needed

- 1 forklift or hoist with straps
- 1 14mm open-end wrench (provided)
- 1 cross-point screwdriver
- 1 flat head screwdriver
- 1 set of hex wrenches (provided)

The sander should be placed in a well-lit area with a sturdy floor and good ventilation. Leave enough space around the machine for loading and offloading stock and general maintenance work.

Do **NOT** lift the sander directly under the drums or rollers, as it may damage them. Use a forklift to move the machine as follows (*Refer to Figures 3 through 5*):

- 1. Open the door and remove the four screws holding the sander to the pallet.
- Move away the wood block (A) at the front, which protected the machine from shifting during transport.
- 3. Tilt the machine backward just enough to insert wood block (A).
- Insert the forks into the gap and carefully lift the machine.
- 5. Position the sander in its new location and gently set it down.

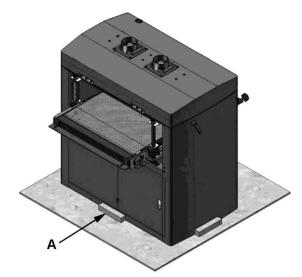


Figure 3

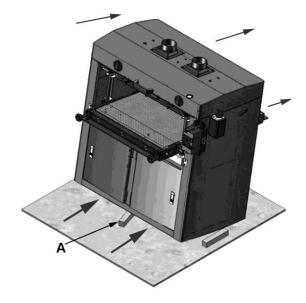


Figure 4

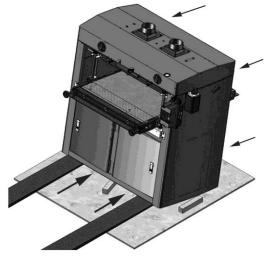


Figure 5

Exposed metal surfaces, such as the shafts on the drums and pressure rollers, have been given a protective coating at the factory. This should be removed with a soft cloth moistened with kerosene. Do not use acetone, gasoline, or lacquer thinner for this purpose. Do not use solvents on plastic parts, and do not use an abrasive pad because it may scratch the surfaces.

Assembly

Handwheel Assembly

- 1. Slide the post up into the handwheel and secure with the set screws, as shown in Fig 6.
- 2. Use a flat head screwdriver to screw the bolt of the handle as far as it will go into the threaded hole of the handwheel, then tighten the hex nut down against the handwheel (Fig. 6).
 - The handle must rotate freely after tightening the hex nut. If the handle is too tight, loosen the hex nut and back out the bolt slightly, then re-tighten the hex nut.
- The handwheel assembly, used for raising and lowering the conveyor table, is designed to be mounted and removed quickly. Set the handwheel assembly down into the hole of the hood (Fig. 7) and rotate it until it seats itself upon the pins of the leadscrew below.

Note: The handwheel must be removed before the hood can be opened.

Dust Ports

Mount the two dust ports to the top of the hood with eight $3/16 \times 1/2$ screws and eight flat washers (Fig. 7).

Dust Collection

It is strongly recommended that you connect a proper dust extraction system to the two 4" ports atop the sander. Make sure the capacity of your dust collector is at least 1200 CFM. See Figure 2 for a diagram of the dust port spacing.

Electrical Connections

AWARNING Electrical connections must be made by a qualified electrician in compliance with all relevant codes. The machine must be properly grounded to help prevent electrical shock and possible fatal injury.

The installer must follow local regulations and National Electrical Code. This tool should be connected to a grounded metal permanent wiring system; or to a system having an equipment-

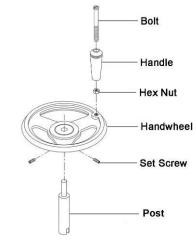


Figure 6

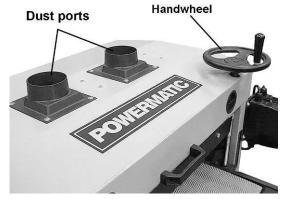


Figure 7

grounding conductor.

Make sure the voltage of your power supply matches the specifications on the motor plate of the machine

Abrasive Paper Installation

AWARNING Disconnect machine from power source.

Proper attachment of the abrasive strips to the drums is important for achieving top performance from the sander.

See page 38 for a list of available abrasive strips with their respective grits and some tips on choosing the proper strip for a particular job. If using different size grits simultaneously, always place the coarser grit on the front drum.

Attach the abrasive paper as follows:

- Open the hood by removing the handwheel and turning the two locking handles at the front counterclockwise.
- 2. Remove the socket head cap screw and locking wedge (Fig. 8) from both ends of the drum.

Note: If the wedge sticks, use a flat head screwdriver as leverage to free it.

3. Cut a length of the *Ready-To-Cut* abrasive strip (14'-9" for the DDS-225, 21'-3" for the DDS-237). This will be enough to cover one drum.

Note: The taper on the remaining roll can later be used for the starting edge of your next strip.

4. Mark and cut a taper at the right end of the abrasive strip (Fig. 9). Because the tapered end should use all of the recess at the right side of the drum, its end must be trimmed back leaving an edge of about 1/2 inch, as shown. Now trim the left side of the abrasive paper in a similar manner (Fig. 10).

Note: An alternate method of tapering the ends of the abrasive strip is to place the removed sandpaper strip on top of the new strip and to use this as a template.

- Begin at the right end of the drum and tuck the tapered right end of the abrasive roll into the recess (Fig. 8). Place the locking wedge into the recess and tighten firmly with the socket head cap screw.
- Begin wrapping the strip around the drum, keeping it taut as you go. The tapered cut of the strip should follow the right edge of the drum. Continue to wrap the abrasive in a

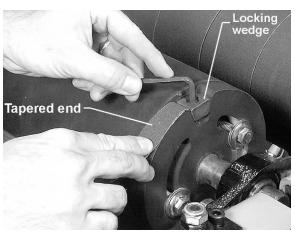


Figure 8

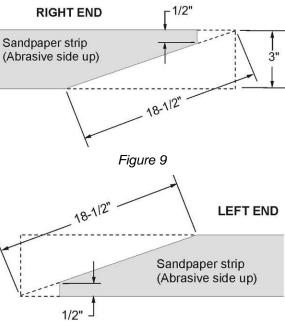


Figure 10

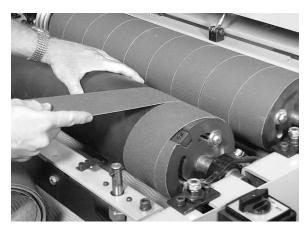


Figure 11

clockwise spiral fashion by rotating the drum with your left hand and guiding the strip with your right hand (Fig. 11). Successive windings of the strip should be flush with previous windings without any overlap.

- 7. The left end of the drum which contains the recess is an independent piece (Fig. 12) that can be rotated on the drum. This fastener is spring-tensioned to take up any slack and hold the abrasive strip firmly to the drum. Rotate this fastener backward and hold it there with your thumb as shown in Fig. 12.
- Tuck the tapered left end of the strip into the recess, as shown in Fig. 12, then insert the locking wedge and socket head cap screw, tightening the screw until the locking wedge is firmly seated.
- 9. Release the spring-tensioned fastener. The abrasive strip is now ready for use.
- 10. Repeat this procedure for the other drum.

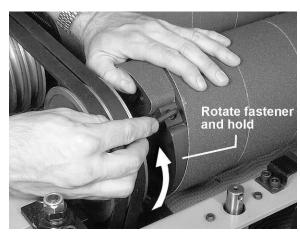


Figure 12

Adjustments

Drum Height

When using different abrasive grits on the drums, the height of the drums from the workpiece must vary. To achieve this, the back drum (which should always have the finer grit) has been designed for easy adjustment.

- Loosen the locking levers (Fig. 13) on both sides of the machine by rotating them counterclockwise.
- Rotate the adjustment knob to the desired measurement, using the red triangular indicator at the base of the dial. A label is affixed below the locking lever showing the proper settings. It is also shown in Fig. 14.
- 3. Repeat this dial setting on the opposite end of the drum.

Note: It is important that the dial setting be identical at both ends of the drum.

4. Tighten the locking levers (Fig. 13) by rotating clockwise, before operating the sander.

Note: The locking levers are spring loaded – you can move the handle to any position by pulling out on the lever, rotating it on the hub, then releasing.

Important: After changing abrasive strips, always check and, if necessary, reset the back drum height.

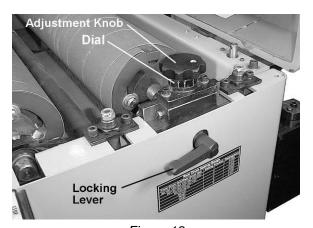


Figure 13

Rear Drum S	etting Gauge	471
Front Drum Grit / Rear Drum Grit	Setting Position	Setting (Inch)
80/100, 120/150, 120/180, 150/220	OF THE STATE OF	0.006
80/120, 100/150, 100/180	2	0.012
60/100, 36/38	3	0.016
36/120	4	0.022
36/60	5	0.030
36/80	6	0.037

Figure 14

Pressure Rollers

The pressure rollers (Fig. 15) maintain tension upon the workpiece as it passes through the machine. The spring tension of the pressure rollers has been factory set. If a board refuses to pass through the machine, or the finished surface of a board is uneven, the spring tension of the pressure rollers may need adjusting.

- 1. Loosen the hex nut (A, Fig. 15).
- Place a 17mm wrench over the flat on the adjusting screw (B, Fig. 15) and lower the screw to increase the roller pressure on the workpiece; or raise the screw to decrease the pressure.
- 3. Retighten hex nut (A, Fig. 15).
- 4. Repeat this same adjustment at the opposite end of the roller to maintain parallel.
- Repeat procedure for other two pressure rollers.

ACAUTION Do not over tighten the adjusting screw, as excess roller pressure will prevent the workpiece from passing through the machine, and may cause the conveyor belt to stop.

Table Height

Rotate the handwheel until the depth gauge (Fig. 16) reads the appropriate depth. One revolution of the handwheel moves the table approximately 0.11".

A limit plate (Fig. 16) is mounted to the front of the sander. If the table has been set too high, the workpiece will contact this plate and a limit switch will shut off the conveyor table. If this happens, reposition the table and restart the machine.

Table Parallelism

The conveyor table has been set parallel to the drums at the factory. If the conveyor table should ever need adjusting to bring it back into parallel with the drums, proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove the front cover plate below the table to expose the chain. Also remove the rear cover plate.
- Loosen the socket head cap screw on the chain tensioner (Fig. 17) and slide the chain tensioner assembly forward to slacken the chain.
- Remove the chain from around all four sprockets.

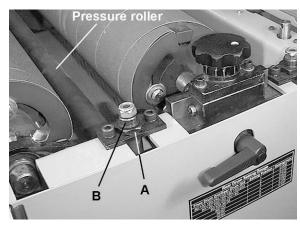


Figure 15

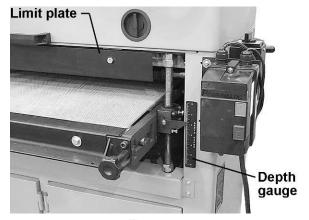


Figure 16

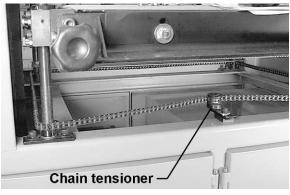


Figure 17

- Insert a tool, such as a hex wrench or screwdriver, through the hole on top of the leadscrew (Fig 18) at that corner of the table that is lowest.
- 5. Turn the leadscrew clockwise to raise the table.
- 6. When the adjustment is complete, install the chain over the four sprockets, and over the chain tensioner roller. Push back the chain tensioner assembly until proper tension is achieved, then tighten the socket head cap screw on the chain tensioner.
- 7. Install front and rear cover plates.

After this procedure, the pressure rollers should be checked and adjusted if necessary (see *Pressure Rollers* on page 16).



Figure 18

Lead Screw Thread Clearance

Referring to Figure 19 – If adjusting the table height becomes difficult or if excessive clearance forms between the lead screws and bushings, adjustment may be required as described below.

Symptoms

- ☐ Table wobble is noted
- ☐ Difficulty is noted in table height adjustment

Corrective action

- 1. Determine the corner(s) requiring adjustment.
- 2. Use a 1/8" hex wrench to loosen the *setscrew* (A, Fig. 19) between 1/4 and 1/2 turn.

To remove excessive clearance

3. Using a 1-1/8" wrench, slightly tighten the eccentric bushing (B) by turning clockwise (from right to left).

For clearance too tight, causing difficulty in table height adjustment

3. Using a 1-1/8" wrench, slightly loosen the eccentric bushing (B) by turning counterclockwise (from left to right).

After adjustment

4. Tighten the setscrew (A).

After adjusting the lead screw clearance, the table must be rechecked for parallelism (previous section).

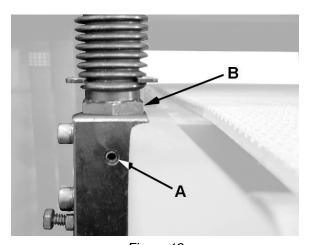


Figure 19

Conveyor Belt

Conveyor belt tension and tracking adjustments may occasionally be necessary during break-in and normal operation to compensate for belt stretching. Adjust the tension of the conveyor belt by turning the knobs (Fig. 20) clockwise to increase tension, counterclockwise to decrease tension. The belt should have just enough tension to move the material without slipping on the drive roller.

▲CAUTION Do not over tighten the conveyor belt. Excessive tension will cause stretching and premature wear of the belt.

After tensioning the belt, turn on the machine and run the conveyor in the forward direction at the fastest speed setting. Watch for a tendency of the conveyor belt to drift to one side of the conveyor. If this happens, correct as follows:

- On the side of the conveyor toward which the belt is drifting, tighten the knob 1/4 turn (Fig. 20) to shift the belt to the opposite direction.
- 2. On the side of the conveyor away from which the belt is drifting, loosen the knob.
- After adjusting each take-up knob, allow time for the belt to react to the adjustments before proceeding further. Continue this adjustment until the conveyor belt is tracking properly in the center of the table. Try to avoid overadjustments.

Drive Belts

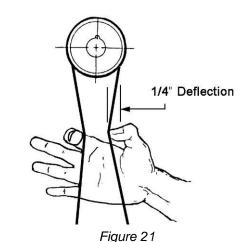
Check the tension of the drive belts by squeezing the belts together in the middle (between the motor and drum pulleys as shown in Fig. 21) with moderate pressure. They are properly tensioned when there is approximately 1/4" deflection.

If adjustment is necessary, loosen the hex nuts (Fig. 22) and raise or lower the motor plate as needed. (For example, to lower the motor plate and increase tension, loosen the bottom nuts and tighten the top nuts.) When finished, tighten the nuts.

If replacing the belts, always replace them in matched sets of the proper size.



Figure 20



Set screw

Belt tension adjustment

Figure 22

Pulley Alignment

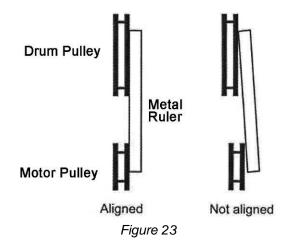
The drum and motor pulleys must be in line so that the belts are straight. To check this:

Place a straight edge, such as a metal ruler, against the flat sides of the motor pulley and a drum pulley (Fig. 23).

If the straight edge does not lie flush on the flat sides of the pulleys, loosen the set screw on the motor pulley (Fig. 22).

Move the motor pulley on the shaft until the straight edge lies flush on both pulleys.

Tighten the set screw.



Changing Belts

The drums are heavy – use an assistant to change belts.

Adjust the motor to allow slack in the belts, and remove the two belts from around the motor pulley. Belts should always be replaced as a matched set.

Remove the four bolts holding the front drum to the sides of the cabinet, and lift the front drum out of the machine.

On the rear drum, loosen the two bolts at the right side of the drum, but do not remove them. Completely remove the two bolts that hold the left side of the drum to the cabinet, and shift the drum toward the right side. The left end of the drum should come clear of the cabinet.

Remove the old belts and place the new belts around the drum pulley. Reinsert the two bolts at the left end of the drum and tighten firmly.

Retighten the two bolts at the right side of the drum.

Check and adjust the tension of the new belts before operating.

Maintenance

Note: See also *Maintenance Checklist* on page 19.

For best results, perform the following procedures on a routine basis:

]	Grease	the	four	leadscrews	on	the	table.
---	--------	-----	------	------------	----	-----	--------

- □ Lubricate the bushings at each end of the pressure rollers. Use a dry type lubricant for this, such as graphite or silicone that will not attract dust.
- ☐ Keep the chain below the table clean and oiled.
- ☐ Clean sawdust from the abrasive strips with a soft brush or cleaning stick.
- Blow dust from motors and switches.
- ☐ Check screws, nuts, etc. for tightness.
- ☐ Check the tension and condition of the belts; dress with paraffin. (Do not get paraffin on the abrasive belts.)
- ☐ Check the oil level in the gearbox by removing the oil plug on top, and inserting a depth gauge (not included). Generally, the oil should be about 3-1/2" lower than the top surface of the gearbox. If low, fill as necessary with EP2 oil.

NOTE: If using oil from a new source (i.e. different brand), it is advisable to flush and clean the gearbox before filling to avoid potential incompatibility issues.

☐ Every 2,500 hours, completely drain and refill gearbox with EP2 oil.

Operations

Basic Operation

The basic operating procedure for the Dual Drum Sander is as follows:

- 1. Set depth of cut.
- 2. Start drums.
- 3. Start conveyor and select feed rate.
- 4. Start dust collector system.
- 5. Feed stock through unit.

Determining depth of cut is one of the most important procedures for the sander. It may take some experimentation to determine the proper depth of cut, given the variables of abrasive grit, type of wood, and feed rate. For best results, use scrap wood to practice sanding and to develop skill and familiarity with the machine before doing finish work.

A good rule of thumb when sanding with grits finer than 80 is to lower the drum so it contacts the workpiece but drum can still be rotated by hand. When using grits coarser than 80 grit, you can lower the drum slightly more. However, a combination of several variables will determine the proper depth of cut to use, including the following:

Abrasive	type	and	grit	size.

- ☐ Width of the piece being processed.
- Hardness of the piece.
- Feed rate of the conveyor belt.

Stock Feeding Angle

Some pieces, because of their dimensions, will need to be fed into the machine at a 90° angle (perpendicular to the drums). However, even a slight offset angle of the stock will provide for more effective stock removal. The optimum feeding angle is about 60° (Fig. 24). Angling the workpiece for stock removal provides other advantages, such as less loading of certain areas of the drums due to glue lines or mineral streaks in the stock, more even wear of abrasive strips, potentially faster feed rates, and lighter loads on the motor.

Note, however, that to get the best final finish the stock should be fed through the machine so it will be sanded in line with the grain of the wood on the final one or two passes.

Multiple-Piece Sanding Runs

When abrasive planing (or thickness sanding) a run of similar pieces that you want to have the same thickness, it is best to determine the thickness of the thinnest piece and process all pieces to that same thickness in one session. Be aware that the sander will remove cups and crowns in the workpiece; consider this when measuring and processing stock to the same thickness.

When sanding multiple pieces simultaneously, make sure to stagger (step) the pieces across the width of the conveyor belt. This provides better contact with the pressure rollers. Try to only process multiple pieces of similar thickness. If there is a significant thickness difference, the thinner pieces may slip on the conveyor belt if they do not contact the pressure rollers.

Edge Sanding

When edge sanding, the sander will mimic the opposite edge of the stock which is lying on the conveyor belt. Because of this, it is important for the stock edge to have been ripped at the proper angle to the face before the sanding process. When edge sanding small stock, clamp several pieces together to prevent them from slipping on the conveyor belt.

Sanding Imperfect Stock

When sanding stock with a cup or crown, place the crown up. This will stabilize the stock to help prevent tipping or rocking during sanding. (After the crown has been removed and the top is flat, turn the stock over and sand the opposite side.) To avoid personal injury, take special care when sanding stock that is twisted, bowed, or otherwise varies in thickness from end to end.

If possible, support such stock as it is being sanded to keep it from slipping or tipping. Use extra roller stands, help from another person, or hand pressure on the stock, to minimize potentially hazardous situations.



Figure 24

Face Frames & Raised Panel Doors

It is important to have the proper abrasive contact when doing this type of sanding. If the machine is set to take an excessive depth of cut, the result can be a gouge or dip as the drum goes from sanding the rails at full width to sanding just a few inches of width of the stiles.

Reversing Conveyor Direction

If a board becomes jammed under the rollers, back it out by reversing the conveyor direction, using the switch (Fig. 25). Do not perform sanding operations in reverse mode, as the drums rotate in one direction only.

ACAUTION Allow the conveyor belt to come to a complete stop before reversing direction.



Figure 25

Abrasives

The abrasive material you choose will have a substantial effect on the performance of your sander. Variations in paper type, weight, coating and durability all contribute to achieving your desired finish. Ready-To-Cut strips are available from Powermatic and are listed on page 39.

As with any sanding operation, first begin sanding with a coarser grit, depending on the roughness of the stock or the amount of stock to be removed. Then progressively work toward finer grits. This means if you are using two different grits on your dual drum sander, the coarser grit should always be placed on the front drum.

The amount of stock to be removed is a major consideration when choosing the grit grade to start with. Grits 36 and 60 are primarily designed for stock removal; grits over 100 are primarily finishing grits designed to remove the scratch pattern from the previous grit used. For best results, never skip more than one grit grade when progressing through a sanding sequence.

For fine work, such as furniture, try not to skip any grit grades during the sanding process. In general, premium quality abrasives will produce a better finish with a less noticeable scratch pattern.

Grits that are too fine can sometimes burnish the wood and leave a glossy surface which will not accept stains evenly.

This will vary by type of wood. Oak, for example, is susceptible to burnishing because of its open pores.

Cleaning abrasive strips. Regularly clean the abrasive strips on the drums with commercially available cleaning sticks, following the manufacturer's directions.

Cloth backed abrasives may also be cleaned by soaking in paint thinner or mineral spirits for 20 minutes to 1 hour, then using a brush to remove any build-up or burns. Dry the abrasive strips completely before reuse.

Extending Abrasive Life. Abrasive life can also be increased by removing the abrasive strip

from the drum and reversing it. To do this, remove the strip and use what was the trailing end as the starting end on the right side of the drum. Reversing the strip will provide a fresh set of cutting edges on the abrasive.

Switch Lock

To safeguard your machine from unauthorized operation and to avoid accidental starting by young children, the use of a padlock (not provided) is highly recommended.

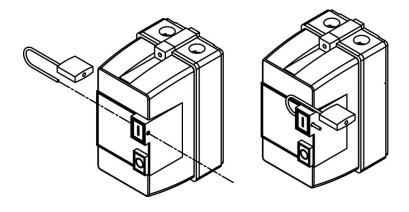


Figure 26

To lock out an on/off switch (Figure 26):

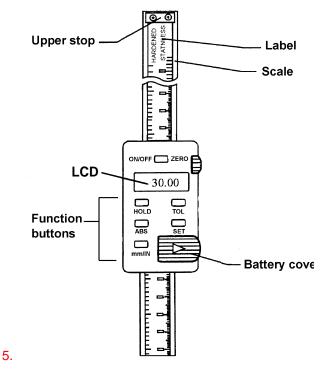
- 1. Open the padlock.
- 2. Insert through holes in the start button.
- 3. Close the padlock.
- 4. Store padlock key in a safe place.

Functions of digital scale

Figure 6 identifies the parts of the digital scale. The button functions are discussed below, followed by a section giving practical examples of how to calibrate your settings, and how these functions can be used for daily sander operations.

This device uses a 1.5-volt battery cell (SR44 or G-13A). If it needs replacing, slide off the battery cover and insert the battery, with the positive pole of the battery facing out.

Note: After replacing a battery, the digital display setting defaults to zero and needs to be reset as described in the *Setting the DRO* section.



1. Figure 3

MM/INCH

Pressing this button toggles back and forth between imperial (inches) and metric (mm), and can be done at any time without affecting saved settings.

ON/OFF/ZERO – power and zero-setting

Press *ON/OFF* button no longer than 3 seconds to power on.

Press *ON/OFF* button at least 3 seconds to shut off the digital display.

While in relative mode, press ON/OFF/ZERO (no longer than 3 seconds) to set current position as relative zero point.

While in absolute mode, press ON/OFF/ZERO (no longer than 3 seconds) to set current position as absolute zero point.

ABS - relative/absolute modes

The device is in absolute mode as soon as power is turned on, and displays absolute zero. Moving the sanding drum up and down begins absolute measurement. Absolute measurement is set based upon the distance from drum to conveyor table, and thus represents the thickness of your board.

Press ABS button (no longer than 3 seconds) to switch to relative mode. "INC" will appear on the display. The value shown is in relative mode; it is an incremental position that can be zeroed at any point and determines not the thickness of a board, but how much material will be removed from it. Moving the drum up and down will now display relative measurement until you press ABS again to go back to absolute.

IMPORTANT: Always place the digital display in *relative* ("INC") mode before turning it off. If you turn it off while in *absolute* ("ABS") mode, your absolute setting will default to zero.

SET – preset a value

Press SET; the indicator will flash "SET". Press and hold the SET button and each digit flashes in turn. When the digit you want flashes, release the SET button. Press SET button once (no longer than 1 second) and that digit will increase by one each time SET is pressed. When finished, press and hold SET button until indicator "SET" flashes, then press SET again (no longer than 1 second). The indicator "SET" disappears and the value you just input is displayed on the screen.

From this point on, any drum movement will be based off this setting. The setting will be kept in the device's memory even when the digital display is turned off, and only needs re-setting after a battery has lost charge and needs replacing.

HOLD

The *Hold* button is used to record a critical setting for reference for the purpose of later resetting to that same position.

For example, if a board becomes jammed during sanding:

- Press the HOLD button. The dimension is "frozen" in the display.
- Raise the drum and remove the jammed board.
- 3. Make a mental note of the "frozen" dimension (from Step 1).
- Press HOLD again to return to normal measurements

5. Adjust the drum back to its original (frozen display) position.

NOTE: The HOLD button will not permanently save a setting. When the button is pressed a second time, the number disappears.

TOL – tolerance setting

This function is not generally used in sanding operations, but is here explained for reference.

Press TOL, and an up-arrow indicator will appear, as well as a flashing "SET" indicator. You can now change the upper tolerance limit. Hold down the TOL button and each digit flashes in turn. When the digit you want flashes, release the TOL button.

Press TOL button once (no longer than 1 second) and that digit will increase each time TOL is pressed.

When finished, press and hold TOL button until indicator "SET" flashes. While indicator "SET" is flashing, press SET button to change the arrow to the down-arrow indicator. You can now change the lower tolerance limit in the same manner as you changed the upper tolerance limit.

When finished setting the lower tolerance limit, while indicator "SET" is flashing, press SET button (no longer than 1 second). The device is now in tolerance measuring mode. When the up-arrow indicator is displayed, it means the measured value is beyond the upper limit. When the down-arrow indicator is displayed, the measured value is below the lower limit. When the display shows an "OK" indicator, the measured value is within tolerance.

Calibration and operation

Scale alignment

The scale should be in vertical position, and the digital device should slide smoothly along the full length of the scale. Check occasionally that the screws holding the device to the sander are tight. If any realignment of the scale should be needed, slots are provided in the mounting brackets.

Establish absolute zero

One of your first steps should be to "zero" the digital scale in absolute mode. This is equivalent to finding the exact point of contact between the sanding drum (with abrasive installed) and the table.

Open the drum cover and lower the drum while rotating it slightly. When drum contacts conveyor table and can no longer be rotated, set the DRO to zero.

Note: This setting may need to be repeated if a new abrasive of different thickness is installed.

Using relative measurement mode

The absolute setting, for which you should have already established the zero point, gives the width of your finished board after sanding (distance from drum to table).

The relative measurement mode is useful for measuring only the amount of stock that you wish to remove (i.e., depth of cut), and eliminates having to add or subtract to find the proper setting. It is especially helpful when sanding multiple boards to the same thickness.

Here is an example using relative measurement:

You have sanded a board at a setting of one inch at absolute measurement. Do not move the drum from this position. You wish to increase the depth of cut on the next run by 0.063 inches.

Press ABS button to activate relative measurement mode ("INC" will appear on the display).

Follow the previous instructions on using the SET button function. You would input zeros for all digits, thus establishing zero setting for relative measurement mode.

After setting relative zero, move the drum down until the digital display reads ".065" inches in relative measurement mode. You can now sand your board with exact results. Of course, you can now toggle back and forth between relative and absolute mode (by pressing ABS button) and get both stock thickness and depth of cut readings at the same time.

More uses

The digital scale has been designed to save the operator time and energy, leading to increased productivity. As you become proficient with the use of the digital readout and explore how to use one function in conjunction with another, you'll be able to tailor its functions to suit your own work habits and sanding needs.

Maintenance Checklist

soft bristle brush. Remove gum and pitch from metal areas with oven cleaner.

e: See also the <i>Maintenance</i> section on e 16.		Lubricate chain and check tension. Check belt condition - replace as needed. Dress with paraffin. Check belt tension.
Work area around machine marked off clearly.		Check motor for loose wiring and sawdust congestion.
Non-skid floor strips in area where operator normally stands.		Pulleys tight and in line. Check bearings. Replace any bad or
Inspect entire machine for loose bolts, nuts, screws. Tighten and replace as necessary.	٥	suspect bearings immediately.
Clean conveyor and drum areas, removing sawdust and chips with compressed air or a		

Troubleshooting

Performance Problems

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Abrasive belt glazes	Wood is wet or gummy	No cure. Use different stock
Work burns	Wrong grit	Use coarser grit for stock removal
Abrasive belt burns, clogs quickly	Biting too deep	Adjust for slight sanding action and make repeated passes
Excessive abrasive belt replacement	Biting too deep	Reduce cut and make multiple passes
Sanding marks on workpiece	Abrasive belt too coarse for finish required	Use proper grit for finish sanding
	Sanding across the grain	When surface sanding, use very fine abrasive belt then finish by hand, working in direction of grain.
Poor sanding quality	Abrasive belts worn	Replace abrasive belts
	Abrasive belts not tight on drum	Re-wrap and properly tighten abrasive belts.
A slight taper across the sanded face of	Height of rear drum has not been adjusted evenly on both ends	Make drum setting equal both ends
the workpiece	Conveyor table not parallel to drums	Correct table parallelism
Conveyor table hard	Leadscrews not greased	Lubricate leadscrews
to move, or tends to bind on the leadscrews	Table not parallel	Correct table parallelism

Mechanical & Electrical Problems

Problem: Machine will not start, restart, or repeatedly trips circuit breaker or blows fuses

Ро	ssible Cause	Solution				
1.	No incoming power	1.	Verify unit is connected to power.			
2.	Overload automatic reset has not reset	2.	When sander overloads on the circuit breaker built into the motor starter, it takes time for the machine to cool down before restart. Allow unit to adequately cool before attempting restart. If problem persists, check amp setting on the motor starter inside the electrical box.			
3.	Sander trips frequently	3.	One cause of overloading trips which are not electrical in nature is too heavy a cut. The solution is to take a lighter cut. If too deep a cut is not the problem, then check the amp setting on the overload relay. Match the full load amps on the motor as noted on the motor plate. If amp setting is correct then there is probably a loose electrical lead. Check amp setting on the motor starter.			
4.	Building circuit breaker trips or fuse blows.	4.	Verify that sander is on a circuit of correct size. If circuit size is correct, there is probably a loose electrical lead, Check amp settings on motor starter.			
5.	Loose electrical connections.	5.	Go through all the electrical connections on the sander including motor connections, verifying the tightness of each. Look for any signs of electrical arcing which is a sure indicator of loose connections or circuit overload.			
6.	Motor starter failure	6.	Examine motor starter for burned or failed components. If damage is found, replace motor starter. If motor starter looks okay but is still suspect, you have two options: have a qualified electrician test the motor starter for function, or purchase a new starter and establish if that was the problem on changeout. If you have access to a voltmeter, you can separate a starter failure from a motor failure by first, verifying incoming voltage at 400 +/-20 VAC. If incoming voltage is incorrect, you have a power supply problem. If voltage between starter and motor is correct, you have a motor problem.			
7.	Motor failure	7.	If electric motor is suspect, you have two options: Have a qualified electrician test the motor for function or remove the motor and take it to a qualified electric motor repair shop and have it tested.			
8.	Miswiring of the unit.	8.	Double check to confirm all electric connections are correct and properly tight. The electrical connections other than the motor are pre-assembled and tested at the factory. Therefore, the motor connections should be double checked as the highest probability of error. If problem persists, double check the factory wiring.			
9.	On/off switch failure	9.	If the on/off switch is suspect, you have two options: Have a qualified electrician test the switch for function, or purchase a new on/off switch and establish if that was the problem on changeout.			

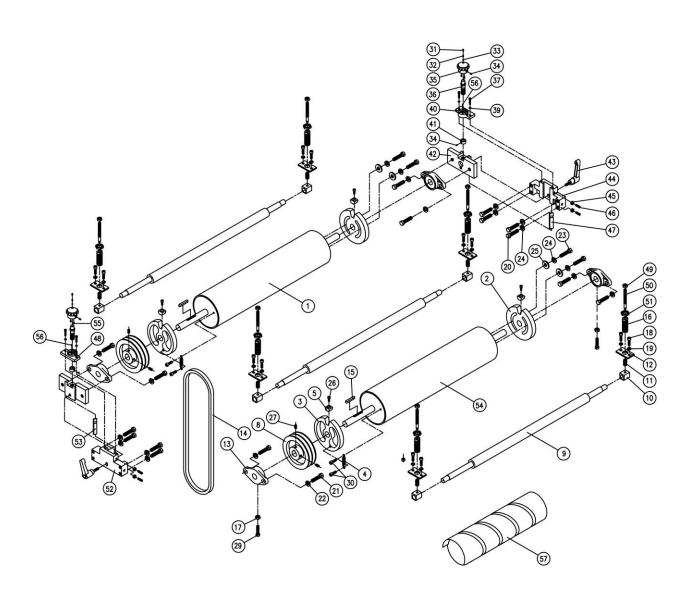
Parts - DDS-225 Sander

Drum Assembly - DDS-225

Index No.	Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
1	.DDS225-101A	Rear Drum		1
2	.DDS225-102A	Abrasive Fastener-Right		2
		Abrasive Fastener-Left		
4	.DDS225-104	Spring		2
		Locking Wedge		
		Pulley		
		Tension Roller		
		Bushing		
		Spring		
		Bracket		
		Bearing Assembly		
		Belt		
		Key		
		Adjusting Bushing		
		Hex Nut		
		Hex Cap Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		Hex Cap Screw		
		Hex Cap Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		Hex Cap Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		Flat Washer		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
		Socket Set Screw		
		Hex Cap Screw		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
		Socket Set Screw		
		Spring		
		. Steel Ball		
		Socket Set Screw		
		Adjusting Knob		
		Lead Screw		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		Top Cover-Right		
		Collar		
		Slide		
		Locking Lever		
		Slide Bracket-Right		
		Hex Nut		
		Socket Set Screw		
		Gib-Right		
		Top Cover-Left		
		Hex Nylon Lock Nut		
		Adjusting Screw		
		Hex Nut		
		Slide Bracket-Left		
		Gib-Left		
		Front Drum		
J T	. 000220-1047	וטוג טועום אוטום		1

Drum Assembly - DDS-225

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
55TS-1521021	Socket Set Screw	M4 x 6	4
56 DDS225-156	Roll Pin		2
DDS225-LSBA	Left Slide Bracket Assembly		1
	(index # 31-37 ,39, 41-43, 45-46	6, 48,52,53, 55,56)	
DDS225-RSBA	Right Slide Bracket Assembly (i	ndex #31-37 ,39-47, 55,56)	1



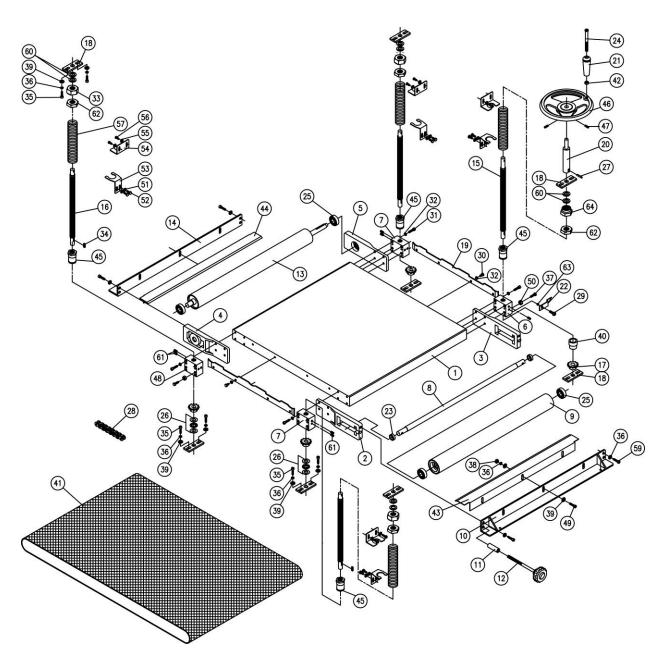
Conveyor Assembly – DDS-225

1 DDS225-201 Table 2 DDS225-202 Support Bracket, Left-Front 3 DDS225-203 Support Bracket, Right-Front 4 DDS225-204 Support Bracket, Left-Rear 5 DDS225-205 Support Bracket, Right-Rear 6 DDS225-206B Leadscrew Holder, Right-Front 7 DDS225-207B Leadscrew Holder, Left-Front and Right-Rear 8 DDS225-208 Rod 9 DDS225-209 Front Roller 10 DDS225-210 Front Support Plate	1
3 DDS225-203 Support Bracket, Right-Front 4 DDS225-204 Support Bracket, Left-Rear 5 DDS225-205 Support Bracket, Right-Rear 6 DDS225-206B Leadscrew Holder, Right-Front 7 DDS225-207B Leadscrew Holder, Left-Front and Right-Rear 8 DDS225-208 Rod 9 DDS225-209 Front Roller 10 DDS225-210 Front Support Plate	
3 DDS225-203 Support Bracket, Right-Front 4 DDS225-204 Support Bracket, Left-Rear 5 DDS225-205 Support Bracket, Right-Rear 6 DDS225-206B Leadscrew Holder, Right-Front 7 DDS225-207B Leadscrew Holder, Left-Front and Right-Rear 8 DDS225-208 Rod 9 DDS225-209 Front Roller 10 DDS225-210 Front Support Plate	
4 DDS225-204 Support Bracket, Left-Rear 5 DDS225-205 Support Bracket, Right-Rear 6 DDS225-206B Leadscrew Holder, Right-Front 7 DDS225-207B Leadscrew Holder, Left-Front and Right-Rear 8 DDS225-208 Rod 9 DDS225-209 Front Roller 10 DDS225-210 Front Support Plate	
6	
6	1
7DDS225-207BLeadscrew Holder, Left-Front and Right-Rear	
8DDS225-208Rod	
9DDS225-209Front Roller	
10DDS225-210Front Support Plate	
11DDS225-211Collar	
12DDS225-212Adjusting Knob	
13DDS225-213Rear Roller	
14DDS225-214Rear Support Plate	
15DDS225-215ADrive Leadscrew	
16DDS225-216ADriver Leadscrew	
17DDS225-217Sprocket	
18DDS225-217Sprocket	
19	
20DDS225-220	
21DDS225-221Handle	
22DDS225-222Pointer	
23DDS225-223Collar	
24DDS225-224Bolt	
25BB-6203ZZBall Bearing6203ZZ6203ZZ	
26DDS225-226Thrust Bearing	4
27DDS225-227Roll Pin	
28DDS225-228Chain	1
29TS-081F022Phillips Pan Head Machine Screw1/4-20 x 3/8	1
30TS-0050011Hex Cap Screw1/4-20 x 1/2	
31TS-0207111Socket Head Cap Screw1/4-20 x 2-1/41	
32TS-0720071Lock Washer	
33DDS225-233ASpecial Nut	
34 DDS225-234	
35	
36TS-0720081Lock Washer	
37TS-0050081Hex Cap Screw	
38TS-0561021Hex Nut	
39TS-1550061Flat Washer	
40DDS225-240Bushing	
41DDS225-241Conveyor	
42TS-0561031Hex Nut	1
43DDS225-243Front Cover	
44DDS225-244Rear Cover	
45DDS225-245BThreaded Bushing	
46	
47	
48DDS225-248BLeadscrew Holder, Left-Rear	
49	
50TS-0561011Hex Nut	
51TS-0680021Flat Washer1/4	
52	
53DDS237-257Lower Bracket	
54DDS237-259Upper Bracket	4
55TS-0680011Flat Washer	8

Conveyor Assembly - DDS-225

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
56TS-081C022	Screw	#10-24 x 3/8	8
57DDS237-260	Boot		4
59TS-0208021	Socket Head Cap Screw	5/16-18 x 1/2	8
60DDS225-260	Nylon Washer		8
61TS-0267071	Set Screw	1/4-20x3/4	7
62DDS225-262	Special Nut	7/8-9	4
63TS-0267021	Socket Set Screw	1/4-20x1/4	1
64DDS225-264	Special Nut	7/8-9	1
DDS225-SBR	Screw and Boot Replacement Kit		
	oludoo # 6 7 15 16 26 22 10 15 16		

(includes # 6, 7, 15, 16, 26, 33, 40, 45, 48, 51 thru 57, 60 thru 64)



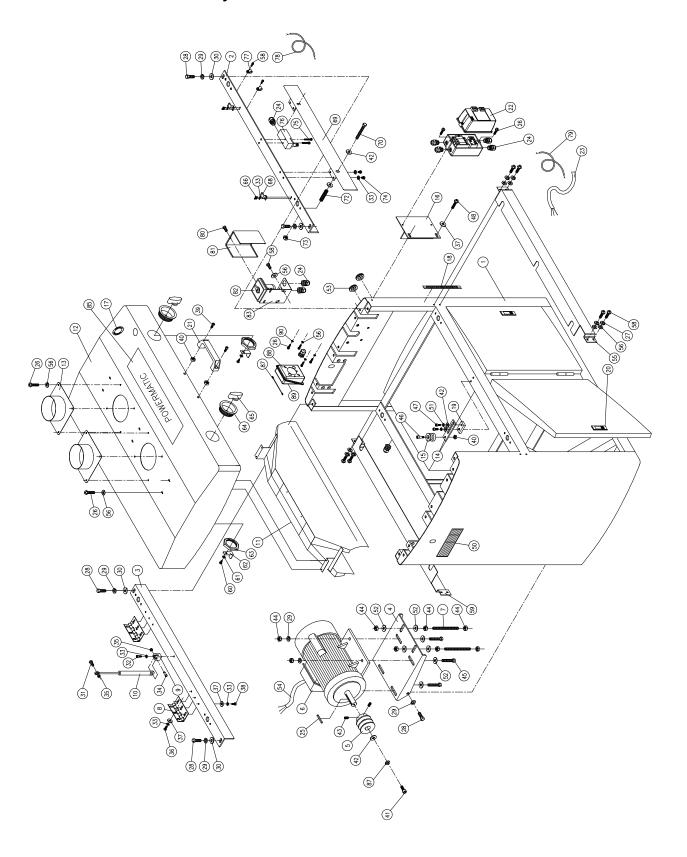
Motor & Cabinet Assembly - DDS-225

Index No.		Description		Qty
		.Cabinet		
2	DDS225-302	.Support Bracket-Front		1
3	DDS225-303	.Support Bracket-Rear		1
4	DDS225-304	.Motor Plate		1
5	DDS225-305	.Motor Pulley		1
		.Motor		
7	DDS225-307	.Adjusting Screw	, ,	2
		.Hinge		
		Fixed Block		
		.Cylinder		
		Flow Deflector		
		.Top Cover		
		Dust Chute		
		Roller Holder		
		.Idle Roller		
		Switch Bracket		
		Direction Label		
		.Scale		
		.Spacer		
		.Door Latch		
21	DDS225-321	.Handle		1
22	DDS225-322RU	.Magnetic Switch		1
23	DDS225-323ARU	.Power Cord		1
24	DDS225-324RU	.Strain Relief		10
		.Key		
		Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		.Hex Cap Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		Flat Washer		
		.Hex Cap Screw		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		.Hex Cap Screw		
		.Hex Nylon Lock Nut		
		.Hex Head Screw		
		.Flat Washer		
		.Hex Cap Screw		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
		.Hex Nut		
		.Socket Head Cap Screw		
42	DDS225-342	.Flat Washer	.8mm x 30 x 3T	7
43	TS-0270031	.Socket Set Screw	.5/16-18 x 3/8	2
44	TS-0561031	.Hex Nut	. 3/8-16NC	10
45	TS-0060061	.Hex Cap Screw	.3/8-16NC x 1-1/4	4
		Shoulder Screw		
		.Hex Cap Screw		
		Phillips Pan Head Machine Screw		
		Label (Drum Setting Gauge)		
		.Flat Washer		
		Flat Washer		
		Strain Relief		
		.Motor Cord		
ວວ		Front Cover		1

Motor & Cabinet Assembly - DDS-225

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
56TS-1550031	Flat Washer	. M5	16
	Screw		
	Rear Cover		
60DDS225-360	Self Tapping Screw	.#10 x 1/2	2
61TS-069204	Flat Washer	. SAE #10	2
62DDS225-362	Lock Piece		2
63DDS225-363	Plastic Nut		2
64DDS225-364	Lock Housing		2
	Lock Knob		
66TS-0207011	Socket Head Cap Screw	. 1/4-20 x 3/8	4
	Holder		
	Plate		
70TS-1490111	Hex Cap Screw	. M8 x 60	2
72DDS225-372	Spring		2
	Hex Nut		
	Phillips Pan Head Machine Screw		
	Screw		
	Limit Switch		
	Cord Holder		
	Limit Switch Cord		
	Switch Cord, Reverse Switch to Conveyor Moto		
	Phillips Pan Head Machine Screw		
	Switch Cover		
	Reverse Switch		
	Switch Bracket		
	Powermatic Logo		
	Warning Label (not shown)		
	Grounding Cord		
	Junction Box (not applicable to this model)		
	Junction Box Cover (not applicable to this mode		
90DDS225-390	Star Washer		2

Motor & Cabinet Assembly – DDS-225

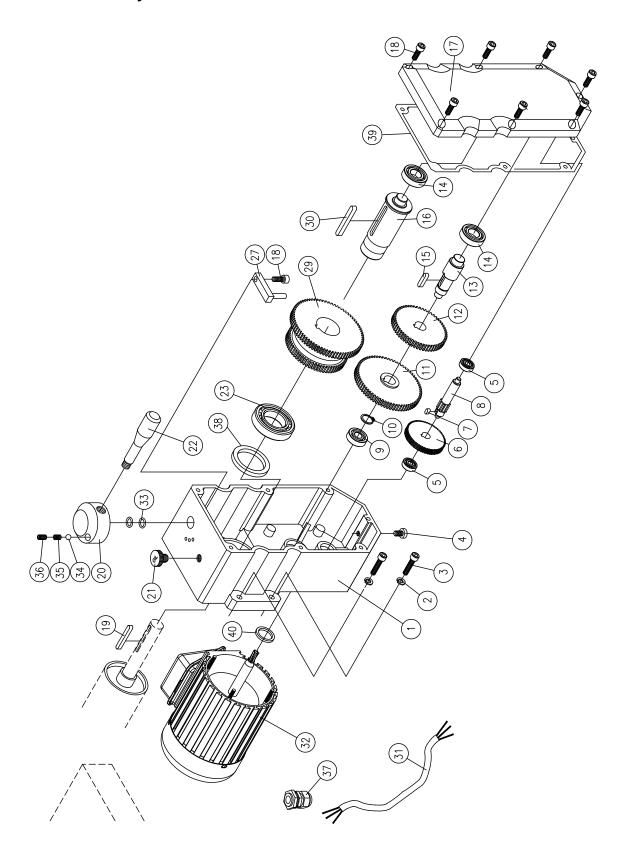


Gearbox Assembly - DDS-225

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
DDS225-GBA	Complete Gearbox Assembly w/Motor	400V	1
	Complete Gearbox Assembly wo/Motor		
1DDS225-401A	Gearbox Body		1
	Lock Washer		
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
4DDS225-404	Drain Plug		1
	Ball Bearing		
	Gear		
	Key		
	Pinion		
	Ball Bearing		
	C-Ring		
	Gear		
	Gear		
	Shaft		
	Ball Bearing		
	Key		
	Shaft		
17DDS225-417	Cover		1
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Key		
	Collar		
	Oil Plug		
	Handle		
	Ball Bearing		
	Block		
	Gear Assembly		
	Key		
	Cable		
	Motor (Not available separately)		
	Gasket		
	Steel Ball		
	Spring		
	Socket Set Screw		
	Strain Relief		
	Oil Seal		
	Gasket		
	Oil Seal		
	Gearbox Oil	SAE90(J./Liter

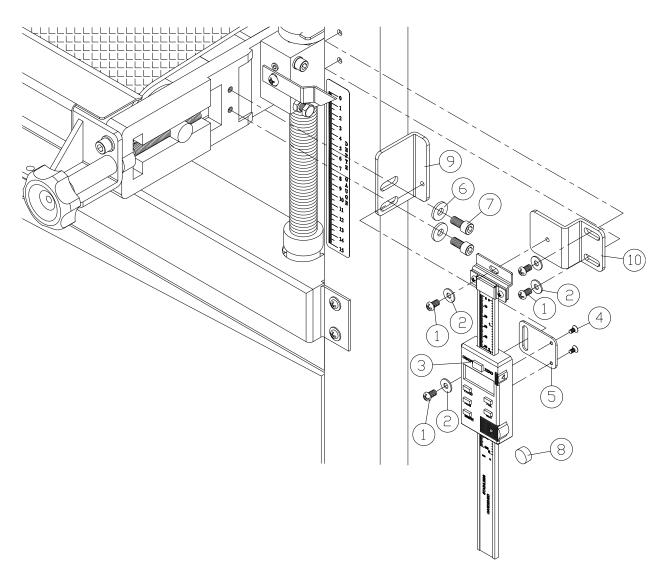
^{*} NOTE: change gearbox oil every 2,500 operating hours (gearbox oil or analogues, SAE90, 0.7 liter)

Gearbox Assembly – DDS-225 Drum



DDS-225 DRO Assembly

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
DDC225 DDOA	Digital Readout Assembly (Includes index #1	#10)	1
	Digital Readout Assembly (includes index #1		
	Screw		
	Digital Readout		
	Bracket		
	Flat Washer		
815S-600	Battery	1.5 Volt	1
	Lower Bracket		
	• •		



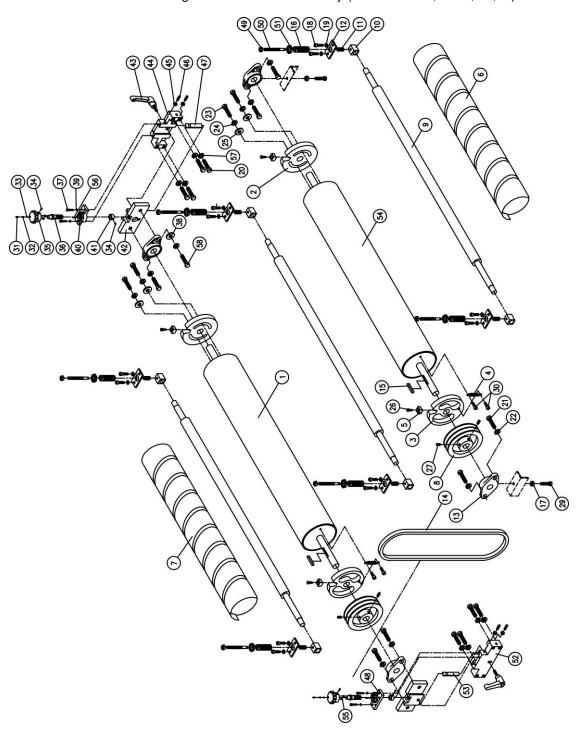
Parts - DDS-237 Sander

Drum Assembly - DDS-237

Index No.	Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
1	DDS237-101B	Rear Drum		1
		Abrasive Fastener-Right		
3	DDS225-103A	Abrasive Fastener-Left		2
4	DDS225-104	Spring		2
5	DDS225-105	Locking Wedge		4
6	DDS237-106RU	Abrasive (80 Grit)		1
7	DDS237-107RU	Abrasive (100 Grit)		1
8	DDS225-108	Pulley		2
		Tension Roller		
10	DDS225-110	Bushing		6
11	DDS225-111	Spring		6
		Bracket		
13	DDS225-113	Bearing Assembly	UCFL205	4
		Belt		
		Key		
16	DDS225-116	Adjusting Bushing		6
		Hex Nut		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
		Lock Washer		
		Hex Cap Screw		
		Hex Cap Screw		
22	TS-0720111	Lock Washer	1/2	8
23	TS-0060081	Hex Cap Screw	3/8-16 x 1-3/4	4
		Lock Washer		
25	TS-1550071	Flat Washer	M10	4
26	TS-0207061	Socket Head Cap Screw	1/4-20 x 1	4
27	TS-0270051	Socket Set Screw	5/16-18 x 1/2	4
		Hex Cap Screw		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
		Socket Set Screw		
		Spring		
		Steel Ball		
		Socket Set Screw		
		Adjusting Knob		
		Lead Screw		
		Socket Head Cap Screw		
38	TS-0680061	Flat Washer	1/2	4
		Lock Washer		
		Top Cover-Right		
		Collar		
		Slide		
		Locking Lever		
		Slide Bracket-Right		
		Hex Nut		
		Socket Set Screw		
		Gib-Right		
48	DDS225-148	Top Cover-Left		1
		Nylon Insert Lock Nut		
		Adjusting Screw		
		Hex Nut		
52	DDS225-152	Slide Bracket-Left		1
53	DDS225-153	Gib-Left		1

Drum Assembly - DDS-237

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
54DDS237-154B	Front Drum (serial no. 1008DDS23701	150 and higher)	1
55TS-1521041	Socket Set Screw	M4 x 10	4
56DDS225-156	Roll Pin	Ø2 x 8mm	2
57TS-0720091	Lock Washer	3/8	8
58TS-0100041	Hex Cap Screw	1/2-13x 1-1/4	4
DDS225-LSBA	Left Slide Bracket Assembly		1
	(index # 31-37,39, 41-43, 45-46, 48	3,52,53, 55,56)	
DDS225-RSBA	Right Slide Bracket Assembly (index	(#31-37, 39-47, 55,56)	1

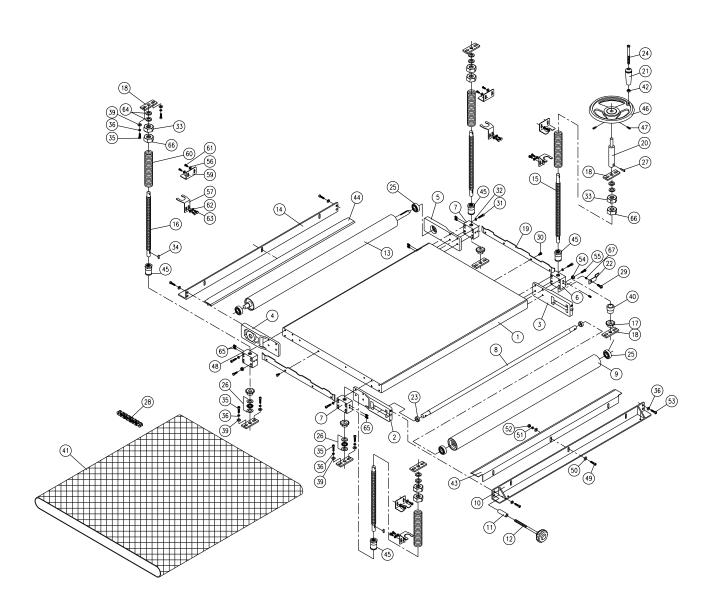


Conveyor Assembly – DDS-237

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
	Table		
2DDS225-202	Support Bracket, Left-Front		1
3DDS225-203	Support Bracket, Right-Front		1
	Support Bracket, Left-Rear		
5DDS225-205	Support Bracket, Right-Rear		1
	Leadscrew Holder, Right-Front		
	Leadscrew Holder, Left-Front and Right-Rear.		
	Rod		
	Front Roller		
	Front Support Plate		
	Collar		
	Adjusting Knob		
	Rear Roller		
	Rear Notice		
14DD3237-214	Drive Leadscrew		ا
	Drive Leadscrew		
	Sprocket		
	Support Bracket		
	Guide Plate		
	Post		
	Handle		
	Pointer		
	Collar		
24 DDS225-224	Bolt		1
	Ball Bearing		
26DDS225-226	Thrust Bearing		4
27DDS225-227	Roll Pin	∅6 x 25mm	1
	Chain		
	Round Head Machine Screw		
	Hex Cap Screw		
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Lock Washer		
	Hex Nut		
	Key		
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Lock Washer		
	Flat Washer		
	Bushing		
	Conveyor		
	Hex Nut		
	Front Cover		
	Rear Cover		
	Threaded Bushing		
	Hand Wheel		
	Socket Set Screw		
48DDS225-248B.	Leadscrew Holder, Left-Rear		1
49TS-0208041	Socket Head Cap Screw	5/16-18 x 3/4	6
50TS-0680031	Flat Washer	5/16	12
51TS-0720081	Lock Washer	5/16	6
52TS-0561021	Hex Nut	5/16-18	6
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Hex Nut		
	Hex Cap Screw		
	Flat Washer		
	Lower Bracket		
5			

Conveyor Assembly – DDS-237

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
59DDS237-259	Upper Bracket		4
	Boot		
61TS-081C022	Screw	#10-24 x 3/8	8
62TS-0680021	Flat Washer	1/4	8
63DDS225-336	Hex Head Screw	1/4-20 x 3/8	8
64DDS225-260	Nylon Washer		8
65TS-0267071	Set Screw	1/4-20 x 3/4	7
66DDS225-262	Special Nut	7/8-9	4
67TS-0267021	Socket Set Screw	1/4-20 x 1/4	1
DDS237-SBR	Screw and Boot Replacement Kit		
	(includes # 6, 7, 15, 16, 26, 33, 40, 45,	48, 56 thru 67)	



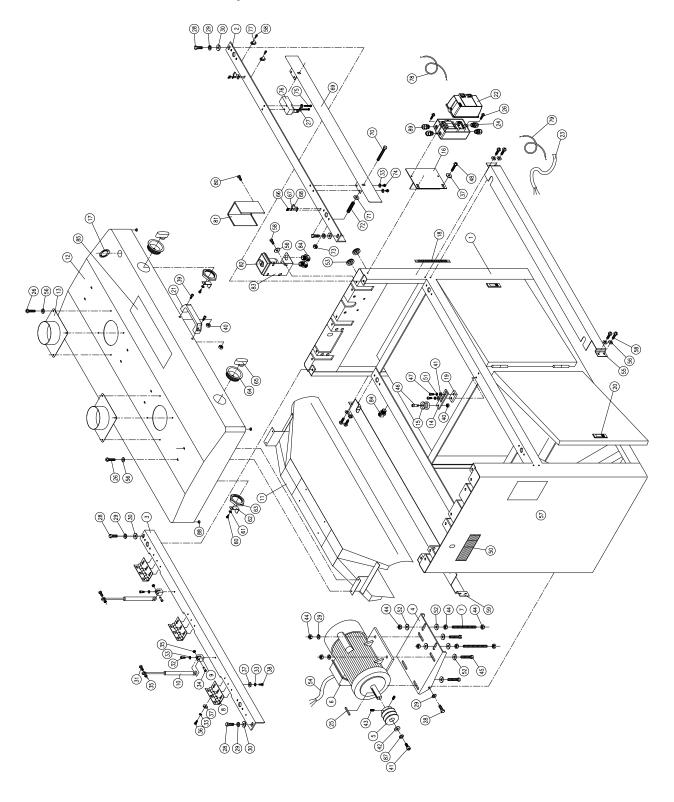
Motor and Cabinet Assembly - DDS-237

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
	Cabinet		
2DDS237-302	Support Bracket-Front		1
3DDS237-303	Support Bracket-Rear		1
4DDS237-304	Motor Plate		1
5 DDS237-305	Motor Pulley		1
6DDS237-306ARU	Motor	10HP, 3Ph, 400V	1
	Adjusting Screw		
	Hinge		
	Fixed Block		
	Cylinder		
	Flow Deflector		
	Top Cover		
	Dust Chute		
	Roller Holder		
	Idle Roller		
	Switch Bracket		
	Direction Label		
	Scale		
	Spacer		
	Door Latch		
	Handle		
	Magnetic Switch		
	Power Cord		
	Strain Relief		
	Key		
	Screw		
27TS-0720051	Lock Washer	#10	2
28TS-0209031	Socket Head Cap Screw	3/8-16 x 3/4	6
29TS-0720091	Lock Washer	3/8	10
30TS-1550071	Flat Washer	M10	4
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Lock Washer		
	Shoulder Screw		
	Nylon Insert Lock Nut		
	Hex Cap Screw		
	Flat Washer		
	Hex Cap Screw		
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Hex Nut		
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Flat Washer		
	Socket Set Screw		
	Hex Nut		
	Hex Cap Screw		
46DDS225-346	Shoulder Screw		1
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Phillips Pan Head Machine Screw		
	Label (Drum Setting Gauge)		
	Flat Washer		
	Flat Washer		
	Strain Relief		
	Motor Cord		
	Front Cover		
	Flat Washer		
33	****************************		20

Motor and Cabinet Assembly – DDS-237

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
57DDS225-WL	Warning Label		1
	Screw		
59DDS237-359	Rear Cover		1
60DDS225-360	Self Tapping Screw	#10 x 1/2	2
61TS-069204	Flat Washer	SAE #10	2
62DDS225-362	Lock Piece		2
63DDS225-363	Plastic Nut		2
64DDS225-364	Lock Housing		2
	Lock Knob		
	Socket Head Cap Screw		
	Lock Washer		
	Holder		
	Plate		
	Hex Cap Screw		
71TS-1550061	Flat Washer	M8	4
	Spring		
	Hex Nut		
	Round Head Machine Screw		
	Screw		
	Limit Switch		
	Cord Holder		
	Cord, Limit Switch		
	Switch Cord, Mag Switch to Reverse Switch		
	Screw		
	Switch Cover		
	Reverse Switch		
	Switch Bracket		
	Strain Relief		_
85DDS237-385	Powermatic Logo		1
86DDS237-386	I.D. Label (not shown)		1
	Lock Washer		
	Pad		
89DDS237-389	Strain Relief		2

Motor and Cabinet Assembly - DDS-237

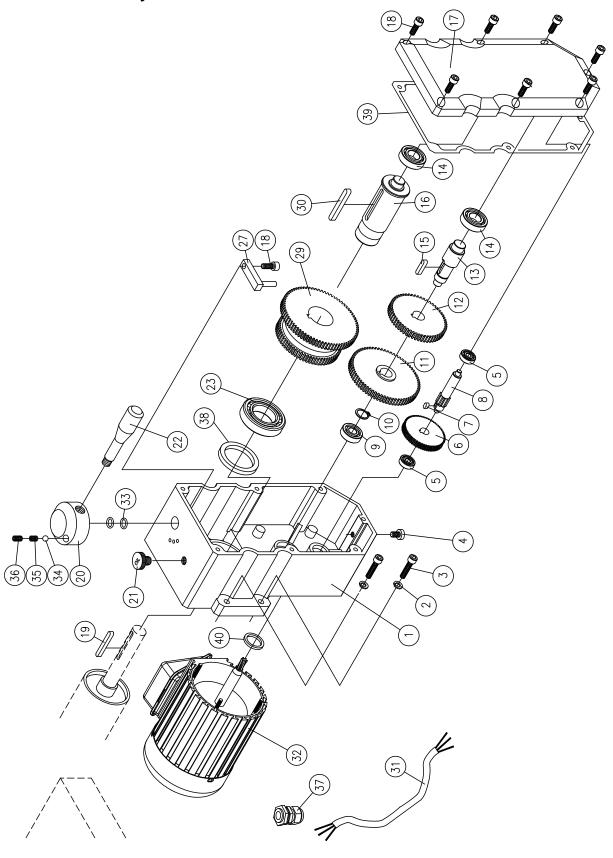


Gearbox Assembly - DDS-237

DDS225-GBA	Complete Gearbox Assembly w/Motor	400V	1
DDS225-401CGA	Complete Gearbox Assembly wo/Motor		1
1 DDS225-401A	Gearbox Body		1
2TS-0720071	Lock Washer	1/4	4
3TS-0207071	Socket Head Cap Screw	1/4-20 x 1-1/4	4
4DDS225-404	Drain Plug		1
	Ball Bearing		
6DDS225-406	Gear	66T	1
7DDS225-407	Key	4 x 4 x 8	1
8DDS225-408	Pinion		1
	Ball Bearing		
	C-Ring		
	Gear		
12DDS225-412	Gear	57T	1
13DDS225-413	Shaft		1
14BB-6002VV	Ball Bearing	6002VV	2
	Key		
16DDS225-416	Shaft		1
17DDS225-417	Cover		1
18TS-1503041	Socket Head Cap Screw	M6 x 16	8
	Socket Head Cap ScrewKey		
19DDS225-419		5 x 5 x 30	1
19DDS225-419 20DDS225-420	Key	5 x 5 x 30	1 1
19DDS225-419 20DDS225-420 21DDS225-421	Key	5 x 5 x 30	1 1
19DDS225-419	Key Collar Oil Plug	5 x 5 x 30	1 1 1
19DDS225-419	Key Collar Oil Plug Handle	5 x 5 x 30	1 1 1 1
19	Key	5 x 5 x 30	1 1 1 1
19	Key	5 x 5 x 30	1 1 1 1 1
19	. Key Collar Oil Plug Handle Ball Bearing Block Gear Assembly Key	64T / 77T	11111
19	Key	64T / 77T 6 x 6 x 50	111111
19	. Key Collar Oil Plug Handle Ball Bearing Block Gear Assembly Key Cable	64T / 77T6 x 6 x 50	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
19	Key	64T / 77T 6 x 6 x 50 1/4HP, 3Ph, 400V	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
19	Key	5 x 5 x 30 64T / 77T 6 x 6 x 50 1/4HP, 3Ph, 400V	11111111
19	Key	64T / 77T	11111111111
19	Key	5 x 5 x 30 64T / 77T 6 x 6 x 50 1/4HP, 3Ph, 400V M6 x 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
19	Key	5 x 5 x 30 64T / 77T 6 x 6 x 50 1/4HP, 3Ph, 400V M6 x 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
19	. Key	64T / 77T6 x 6 x 50	1111111111111

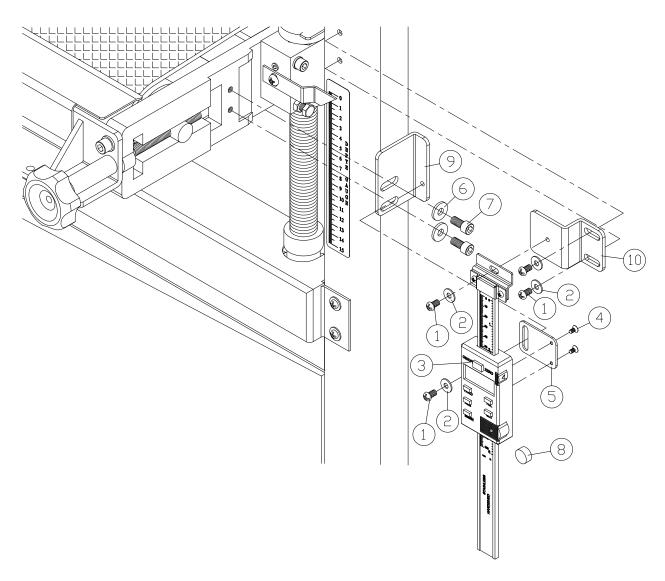
^{*} NOTE: change gearbox oil every 2,500 operating hours (gearbox oil or analogues, SAE90, 0.7 liter)

Gearbox Assembly – DDS-237



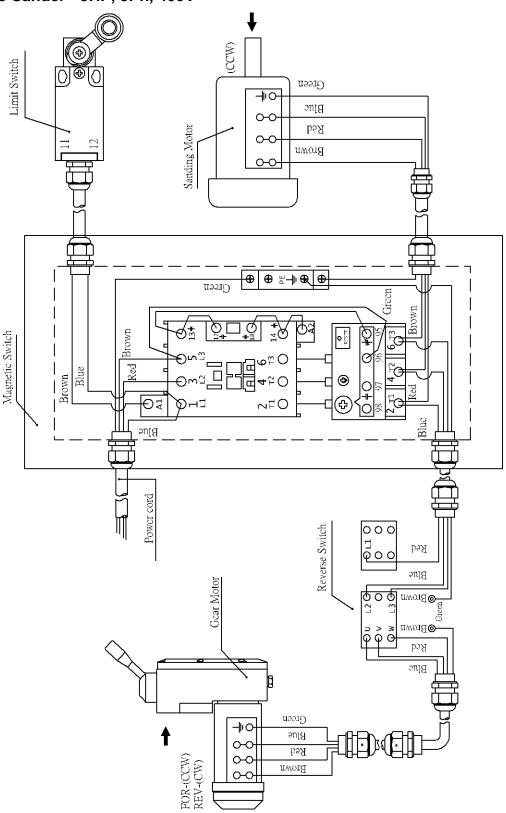
DDS-237 DRO Assembly

Index No. Part No.	Description	Size	Qty
DDC225 DDOA	Digital Readout Assembly (Includes index #1	#10)	1
	Digital Readout Assembly (includes index #1		
	Screw		
	Digital Readout		
	Bracket		
	Flat Washer		
815S-600	Battery	1.5 Volt	1
	Lower Bracket		
	• •		

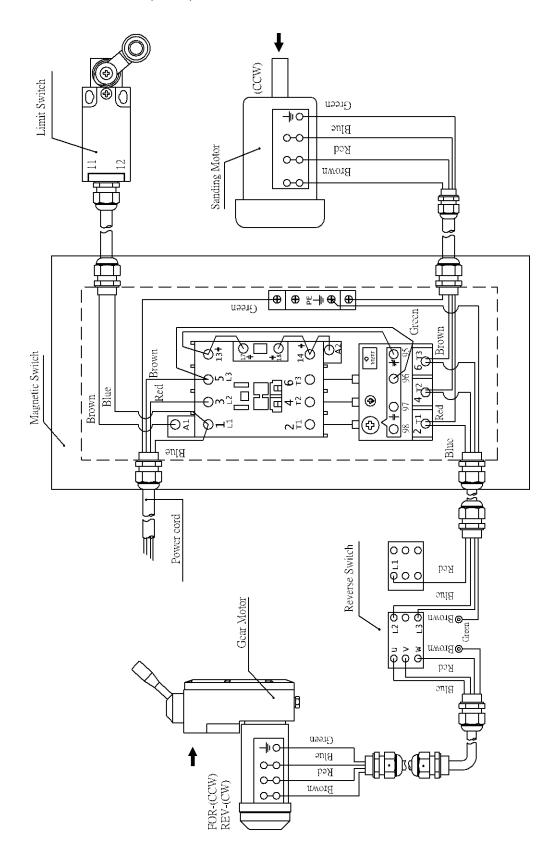


Wiring Diagrams

DDS-225 Sander - 5HP, 3Ph, 400V



DDS-237 Sander - 10HP, 3Ph, 400V





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